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The Workshop

- 14 May to 16 May 2019 in Berlin
- Altogether 59 participants from 19 countries Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, China, France, Georgia, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kirgizstan, Norway, Russia, Sweden, Tajikistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan
- ...among which 29 participants from EECCA countries (incl. Russia)
- Participants from EU COM, European Investment Bank, OECD, UN Minamata Convention, Industrial and Environment NGOs, other LRTAP Convention Bodies
- 27 presentations
- Financed by Germany, Switzerland, Secretariat
- Host: Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety of Germany

5 Main Sessions

- 1. Different BAT approches in different regions of the world
- 2. BAT in other Conventions and international treaties
- 3. BAT for priority sectors identified in the EECCA region
- 4. Modelling, Monitoring and Reporting
- 5. Activities in the EECCA region to facilitate the implementation of BAT
- Results from a questionnaire including 4 country presentations
- 7. Round Table discussion on the way forward

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Round Table Discussion

- How to make progress in implementation?
- What is needed to better facilitate ratifications?
- What could be future solutions?

An open discussion following the Chatham House Rules.

Aim: to facilitate the discussion of ratification, implementation and review of the Gothenburg Protocol

(Very) First Results

- BAT is not a static process, it is influenced by the environmental and economic situation of countries and regions
- Most countries in the EECCA region make good progress, modernized their environmental laws including incorporation of BAT
- Good progress was made with regard to modelling, monitoring and reporting (activities organized by the Secretariat are very helpful)
- Some countries made fast progress towards application of BAT
- The termination of flexibilities in Protocols will make the ratification difficult (end of 2019)
- There is a strong request to extend deadlines for application of flexibilities laid down in the amended GP, and to discuss other mechanisms during the upcoming future review of the GP such as...

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(Very) First Results

What are the obstacles and some ideas

- Some countries could fulfill more than 80% of the technical requirements of the GP
- Problematic requirements: Annex on VOC or NOx
 - · Help from others needed
 - Installation of an Advisory Centre for practical questions of interpretation
- Flexibilities
 - Deadline Extension
 - · Flexibilities starting from the date of Ratification of a Party?
 - National Action Plans for a stepwise approach
- Technical and financial support is needed furthermore

